

राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्य शासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

बुधवार, 1 अगस्त, 2018/10 श्रावण, 1940

हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार

FORESTS DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Shimla-171 002, the 27th July, 2018

No. FFE-B-F(6)-1/2018.—The Governor of Himachal Pradesh is pleased to notify the Policy Guidelines for Extraction and Utilization of those Un-Economical Salvage Timber Lots which are not acceptable to Himachal Pradesh State Forest Development Corporation Ltd.

enclosed as Annexure-"A" (Pages 1 to 7). This policy shall be implemented with immediate effect.

By order,

TARUN KAPOOR, *Additional Chief Secretary (Forests).*

ANNEXURE-'A'

POLICY GUIDELINES FOR EXTRACTION AND UTILIZATION OF UN-ECONOMICAL SALVAGE TIMBER LOTS NOT ACCEPTABLE TO HPSFDC LTD.

1. Background

The Government of Himachal Pradesh constituted Himachal Pradesh State Forest Development Corporation Limited (HPSFDC Ltd.) on 25th March 1974 as its sole agency to carryout extraction and marketing of timber and resin/rosin from Government Forests on scientific lines by adopting suitable modern techniques. Apart from working in timber and resin on commercial lines, one of the objectives behind constitution of HPSFDC Ltd. was to prevent the illegal removal of trees and illicit tapping of resin in the Government forests. Previously the Forest Department had been carrying out extraction operations and trade of timber and resin. The trade in timber and resin obtained from Govt. Forests has been nationalized under the H.P. Forest Produce (Regulation of Trade) Act, 1982.

The lots of salvage trees (*dry standing, fallen and uprooted trees*) and of green trees in those cases in which approval of competent authorities under Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Forest Rights Act, 2006 has been obtained are handed over to the HPSFDC Ltd. for extraction and marketing. HPSFDC Ltd. pays royalty to the Forest Department as per rates approved by the Government from time to time.

2. Annual extraction and marketing of timber by HPSFDC Ltd.

HPSFDC Ltd. normally receives about 2.00 lakh m³ standing volume from the Forest Department annually. Out of standing volume of 2.00 lakh m³, converted volume of about 80,000 to 90,000 m³ is obtained for sale. The converted timber is sold in monthly open auctions in Himkashth Sale Depots. The timber is mainly of coniferous species including *Deodar, Kail, Fir, Spruce and Chil.*

3. Commercial viability of Timber lots

Commercial viability of timber lots depends on various factors such as the type of species, number of trees marked (standing volume), lead from forest to road side depots, modes of transportation and market potential of timber extracted from a particular species. Generally Deodar and Kail lots of sizeable volume are considered profitable for HPSFDC Ltd. as working cost compared to Fir/Spruce is less and timber sells at better rates in the market. Fir and Spruce are naturally occurring in high lying far flung areas and thus exorbitant costs are involved their extraction and transportation. These are loss making lots. Extraction of scattered individual/small number of salvage trees which are not accessible by road having standing volume below 50 m³

involve high costs and hence considered economically not viable. Generally such lots are not acceptable to the Forest Corporation.

Therefore, HPSFDC Ltd. being a commercial organization is not able to work such un-economical trees/lots. As a result such trees/lots remain unexploited. This leads to non-utilization of timber from such trees/lots and such trees are decaying in the forests causing huge revenue loss to the State exchequer. Sometimes such salvage trees are illegally removed.

4. Advantages to the Forest Corporation/State

The following advantages to the Forest Corporation/State are envisaged.

- (a) The timber from salvage trees (un-economical lots) which normally decay in the forests shall be available to the Forest Department at no costs and for other departments at reduced rates for use in the Government civil works. The extraction costs shall be borne by the respective Departments.
- (b) The Corporation shall be saved from the losses which accrue on working of uneconomical lots. Also the manpower with the Forest Corporation particularly Charanies and Dhullanies shall be deployed gainfully.
- (c) The State Govt. shall earn royalty on such un-economical lots which are otherwise left out and are decaying in the forest areas causing revenue loss to the State exchequer.
- (d) The removal of salvage trees shall create space for the natural/artificial regeneration which will benefit in the improvement of tree cover.
- (e) The illegal removal of such trees shall be prevented.
- (f) Employment will be generated in the form of man days.

5. Guidelines for utilization of un-economical trees/lots unacceptable to the HPSFDC Ltd.

Non-utilization of un-economical salvage timber lots/trees has always remained a cause of concern and this issue has been raised at many forums through various channels. In order to gainfully utilize the timber from such trees/lots, the following options are proposed.

(a) Utilization by the other Government Departments

Various State Government Departments such as PWD, I&PH, Rural Development & Panchayati Raj etc. are responsible for execution of developmental activities requiring timber and fuel wood at the construction sites across the State. It shall be prudent to mark available salvage trees in nearby forests in favour of such Government departments as per their need to gainfully utilize timber obtained from such un-economical lots. Such marking should be done by the concerned officer of the Forest Department in consultation with concerned Government Department for those Government works which are under execution or likely to be executed within the jurisdiction of a Forest Division. Marking of trees shall be done by the concerned Block Officer in the presence of representative of the Government Department going to use the timber. Forest Corporation staff may associate, if there is a dispute. The concerned Government Department shall pay 50% of the approved royalty rates to the Forest Department in

addition to bearing the costs of extraction. No charges shall be payable to the Forest Corporation. The extraction of marked salvage trees shall be automatically allowed by the HPSFDC Ltd. through the contractor(s) of concerned HPPWD/other Govt. Department(s) who are registered as Labour Supply Mate (LSM) with the HPSFDC Ltd. The LSM(s) shall bear the cost of extraction as the extracted timber will be utilized in the work(s) awarded to them by the concerned Government Departments. The extraction shall be done under close supervision of the concerned Block Officer and timber so extracted shall be properly accounted for in the departmental records and shall be further transferred to the concerned Government Department(s) through LSM(s) after affixing proper passing hammer mark for its further utilization. The concerned officers/officials of the Government department shall be duty bound to ensure that timber extracted is utilized for the awarded work and no misutilization is allowed. Misutilization of timber shall tantamount to violation of Forest laws and will be dealt sternly.

(b) Utilization by the Forest Department

The Forest Department is also engaged in carrying out various developmental activities for better Forest management including creation of infrastructure. As per the current norms/practice, seized timber and timber obtained from salvage trees are utilized only for construction of offices and residential accommodation of field staff. Therefore, the department will be allowed to utilize the timber received from such un-economical lots for various works namely Forest Rest Houses/Inspection Huts, Transit accommodation, Building works in the Forest Training Centres, Community Centres, Interpretation Centres, Zoo enclosures and enrichment, Eco-tourism assets, Small Wooden Bridges in forest areas. Residential accommodations for the field staff, ministerial staff and the officers. The department can mark such salvage trees as per their need and extract timber to further utilize it for aforesaid infrastructure. The timber shall be utilized at no costs except the expenditure required to be incurred for extraction. The extraction shall be done departmentally under close supervision of concerned Block Officer and timber so extracted shall be properly accounted for in the departmental records i.e. Timber Form 7 to be further utilized as per the laid down norms. Such timber shall also be properly hammer marked to prevent misutilization.

(c) Utilization by the Right Holders

As per the current Timber Distribution (TD) Rights policy, no green trees are allowed to be given to the local right holders. Only salvage trees are allowed under TD rights for use in construction of new residential house or cowshed and for their maintenance. It shall be the duty of the concerned Range Officer to assess genuine demand of right holders in a Range for grant of salvage trees under TD before such trees are extracted for the departmental use. It shall be ensured that sufficient number of salvage trees is left to meet with demand of the right holders in accordance with TD Rights policy. Right holders who offer their assistance in fighting forest fires be given priority in granting timber under TD policy. Salvage trees normally yield less timber due to decay or disease etc. and more than one tree should be considered for grant in TD so that the timber yield equals the timber yield from trees to be allotted to the right holder so that the right holders readily accept fallen trees in lieu of standing trees.

(d) Utilization of salvage timber in the Furniture Workshops of Forest Department and HPSFDC Ltd.

Currently a workshop at Shamshi under Parbati Forest Division is operative which supplies furniture within the Forest Department particularly to meet requirements of Forest Rest Houses/Inspection Huts, Offices etc. Timber obtained from un-

economical salvage lots in and around Parbati Forest Division shall be utilized to make furniture for departmental use in this workshop and costs at the rate of 25% of the royalty rates applicable shall be charged. Extraction shall be done departmentally and costs shall be borne by the Department to be charged to the factory. The timber extracted and used in this workshop shall be properly accounted for in the departmental Timber forms. Similarly the Forest Corporation shall also be allowed to work on uneconomical lots for the purposes of making furniture and the costs at the rate of 25% of the royalty rates applicable shall be charged. Extraction costs shall be borne by the Forest Corporation itself.

(e) Working of un-economical lots through Charanies/Dhullanies of HPSFDC Ltd.

The HPSFDC Ltd. has recently established a separate cadre of *Charanies/Dhullanies* currently having strength of 80. Their main duty is extraction of timber. To gainfully utilize their services, the HPSFDC Ltd. shall allocate targets to them for extraction of timber from un-economical lots in such a manner that these persons are gainfully utilized and timber is extracted.

6. Ban on removal of salvage trees lying in Protected Areas

There are three categories of Protected Areas (PAs) notified as per the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 in Himachal Pradesh. These categories include National Parks, Wildlife Sanctuaries and Conservation Reserves. As per the orders of the Hon'ble Supreme Court, no removal of biomass including salvage trees is allowed in the PAs. The department shall ensure that no biomass including Salvage trees are extracted from the PAs for the aforesaid purposes or any other commercial purpose.

सिंचाई एवं जन स्वास्थ्य विभाग

शुद्धि—पत्र

दिनांक, 20 जुलाई, 2018

संख्याः आई०पी०एच०—बी(एच)1—11/2015—कांगड़ा.——भूमि—अर्जन अधिनियम 2013 (2013 का 30) की धारा—11 के उपबन्धों के अन्तर्गत इस विभाग द्वारा जारी समसंख्यक अधिसूचना दिनांक 04—05—2018 में निम्न शुद्धियां की जाती हैं:—

- 1. पैरा 4 में प्रकाशित होने की अवधि 30 दिन के स्थान पर 60 दिन की अवधि पढा जाये।
- 2. महाल ठेहड़ में खसरा नं0 482/1 का रकबा 0—01—40 है0 अधिसूचना में दो बार प्रकाशित हुआ है, इसके स्थान पर एक जगह है खसरा नं0 466/1 का रकबा 0—02—42 है0 पढ़ा जाये और मौजा का नाम यर सनोह के स्थान पर न्याड सनोह पढ़ा जाये।
- 3. महाल छौ में खसरा नं0 109 / 1 का रकबा 0—00—53 है0 के स्थान पर 0—02—53 है0 पढ़ा जाये।
- 4. महाल गतला में खसरा नं0 08/1 का रकबा 0-02-37 है0 के स्थान पर 0-01-87 है0 पढ़ा जाये व खसरा नं0 10/1 का रकबा 0-03-16 है0 के स्थान पर 0-02-37 है0 पढ़ा जाये।

5. महाल खुआड़ा में खसरा नं0 818/1 के स्थान पर 818 पढ़ा जाये व खसरा नं0 666/2 का रकबा 0-02-47 है0 पढ़ा जाये।

> आदेश द्वारा, देवेश कुमार, सचिव (सिंचाई एवं जन स्वास्थ्य)।

INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT A-Section

NOTIFICATION

Shimla-171002, the 31st July, 2018

No. Ind.-A(B)6-5/2008.—The Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to order transfer and posting of following Mining Officers, with immediate effect:—

Sl.	Name of Mining	From	То
No.	Officer		
1.	Sh. Harvinder Singh	Mining Office	Mining Office, Hamirpur
		Dharamshala, Distt.	against Sl. No. 2.
		Kangra	
2.	Sh. Paramjit Singh	Mining Office Hamirpur	Mining Office Una
			against Sl. No. 3.
3.	Sh. Kulbhushan Sharma	Mining Office Una	Mining Office Solan against
			vacancy.
4.	Sh. Rajeev Kalia	Mining Office Mandi	Mining Office
			Dharamshala, Distt.
			Kangra against Sl. No. 1.
5.	Sh. Uday Sharma	Newly appointed	Mining Office, Mandi
			against Sl. No.4.

The above officers are directed to report for duty at their new place of posting immediately and submit joining report to this Department as well as to the Director of Industries.

I	By order,
	Sd/-
Principal Secretary (Ind	dustries).

INFORMATION AND PUBLIC RELATIONS DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Shimla-171002, the 31st July, 2018

No. Pub-A(4)-2/2002.—In partial modification of this department Notification of even number dated 24th March, 2017, the Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to amend the Himachal Pradesh Patrakar KalyanYojna, 2017 as under:—

Amendment in para 7	Existing sub-para (a) (i), (ii), (iv) and b (ii) of para 7 shall be			
	substituted as under:— a (i):- "in case of permanent incapacitation" ₹ 1 lakh			
	(Rupees one lakh only)			
	a (ii):- "in case of death"	₹ 2 lakhs (Rupees two lakhs only)		
		(respective family only)		
	only a major	upto ₹ 2.5 lakh es two lakh fifty thousand) as per emergent need for disease as kidney lant, heart disease, cancer		
	only a major	upto ₹ 2.5 lakh es two lakh fifty thousand) as per emergent need for disease as kidney lant, heart disease, cancer		
Amendment in para 9	In proviso of sub para 9 (b) the spellings of word "form" after word claim and before the Patrakar Kalyan Fund shall be substituted with the we "from".			
	Sub para 9 (d) shall be deleted.			
Amendment in para 10				
Application Form F or Retired Accredited	For Financial Assistance to the Serving d Journalists	Accredited Journalists		
Amendment in Column 7 Column No.7 shall be deleted Amendment in Column 13 Existing column No. 13 shall be substituted as under:— "Purpose/Reason for financial assistance (attach docuproof regarding reasonability of assistance thereof)(Permanent incapacitation/Death/Death during a untoward incidence/ medical emergency)."		nce (attach documentary f assistance required n/Death during attack or		

These amendments shall come into force from the date of publication in Rajpatra, Himachal Pradesh/eGazette.

By order, Sd/-(SHRIKANT BALDI), Addl. Chief Secretary (IPR).

ब अदालत श्री एन0 एस0 नेगी, कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील रोहडू, जिला शिमला, हि0 प्र0

श्रीमती मीरा पुत्री श्री जगरपाल, निवासी गांव कनेवरा, डाकघर कासांकोटी, तहसील रोहडू, जिला शिमला, हि0 प्र0

बनाम

आम जनता

उनवान मुकद्दमा.—–दरख्वास्त जेर धारा 13(3) जन्म एवं मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 के अन्तर्गत।

इस कार्यालय में श्रीमती मीरा पुत्री श्री जगरपाल, निवासी गांव कनेवरा, डाकघर कासांकोटी, तहसील रोहड़ू जिला शिमला, हि0 प्र0 ने प्रार्थना—पत्र गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि उनके पुत्र लवप्रीत पुत्र हरदीप सिंह का जन्म दिनांक 07—10—2007 को हुआ है परन्तु अज्ञानतावश उसकी जन्म तिथि को ग्राम पंचायत बरासली के जन्म रजिस्टर में आज तक पंजीकृत नहीं किया गया है तथा उसके जन्म की तिथि को दर्ज करने के आदेश ग्राम पंचायत बरासली को दिये जावें।

अतः इस इश्तहार द्वारा आम जनता को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी को भी लवप्रीत की जन्म तिथि व नाम ग्राम पंचायत बरासली में दर्ज करने में किसी भी प्रकार का एतराज या उजर हो तो वह दिनांक 11–08–2018 तक असालतन / वकालतन हाजिर होकर लिखित व मौखिक प्रस्तुत करे। यदि उक्त तारीख तक कोई उजर / एतराज प्रस्तुत नहीं हुआ तो यह समझा जावेगा कि प्रार्थी की जन्म तिथि व नाम ग्राम पंचायत बरासली को दर्ज करने हेतु कोई आपित्त नहीं है तथा जन्म तिथि व नाम ग्राम पंचायत बरासली में दर्ज करने के आदेश पारित कर दिये जाएंगे।

आज दिनांक 10-07-2018 को हमारे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

एन0 एस0 नेगी, कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, रोहडू, जिला शिमला (हि0 प्र0)।

ब अदालत श्री रघुवीर सिंह चौहान, कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, चौपाल, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश

श्रीमती रेखा देवी पत्नी श्री नरेश कुमार, गांव व डाकघर मडावग, तहसील चौपाल, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश।

बनाम

आम जनता

विषय.——प्रार्थी के पिता के मृत्यु तिथि ग्राम पंचायत झीना के मृत्यु पंजीकरण रिजस्टर में दर्ज करवाए जाने बारे कि अधीन धारा 13(3) जन्म एवम् मृत्यु पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969 के अन्तर्गत मृत्यु पंजीकरण करने बारे।

हर खास व आम जनता को बजिरया इश्तहार सूचित किया जाता है कि प्रार्थी श्रीमती रेखा देवी पत्नी श्री नरेश कुमार, गांव व डाकघर मडावग, तहसील चौपाल, जिला शिमला, हिमाचल प्रदेश ने अधोहस्ताक्षरी के न्यायालय में एक आवेदन—पत्र प्रस्तुत किया है कि उनके पिता स्व0 श्री रेलू राम पुत्र घण्टा राम, गांव लेहला, डाकघर चम्बी, तहसील चौपाल की मृत्यु दिनांक 12—04—2014 गांव लेहला, झीना में हुई थी जिसका पंजीकरण ग्राम पंचायत के मृत्यु पंजीकरण रिजस्टर में दर्ज नहीं करवाया है, अब प्रार्थी अपने पिता की मृत्यु का पंजीकरण ग्राम पंचायत झीना के मृत्यु पंजीकरण रिजस्टर में दर्ज करवाना चाहती है, जोिक इस प्रकार से हैं:—

क्रम	नाम	सम्बन्ध	मत्यु तिथि
संख्या			
1.	स्व0 श्री रेलू राम	पिता	12-04-2014

अतः आम जनता को बजरिया इश्तहार सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति को उपरोक्त मृत्यु पंजीकरण बारे कोई आपत्ति हो तो तारीख 30–08–2018 को या इससे पूर्व असालतन या वकालतन हाजिर अदालत आकर अपनी आपत्ति प्रस्तुत करें अन्यथा आवेदन–पत्र पर मृत्यु पंजीकरण के आदेश पारित करके सचिव, ग्राम पंचायत झीना को आगामी कार्यान्वयन हेतु भेज दिया जायेगा।

आज तारीख 21-07-2018 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर सहित अदालत से जारी किया गया।

मोहर।

रघुवीर सिंह चौहान, कार्याकारी दण्डाधिकारी , चौपाल, तहसील चौपाल, जिला शिमला (हि0 प्र0)।

In the Court of Shri Niraj Chandla (H.A.S), Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (Urban), District Shimla, Himachal Pradesh

Dawa Dolma w/o Shri Karma Thupten, r/o House No.-44, Tibetan Colony, Krishana Nagar, Shimla, Tehsil and District Shimla, H.P. ...Applicant.

Versus

General Public

.. Respondent.

Application under Section 13(3) of Birth and Death Registration Act, 1969.

Whereas Dawa Dolma w/o Shri Karma Thupten, r/o House No.-44, Tibetan Colony, Krishana Nagar, Shimla, Tehsil and District Shimla, H.P. has preferred an application to the undersigned for registration the date of birth of herself DAWA DOLMA (DOB 20-05-1970) in the record of Municipal Corporation Shimla.

Therefore, this proclamation, the general public is hereby informed that any person having any objection for entry as to date of birth mentioned above, may submit his objection in writing in this court on or before 23-08-2018 failing which no objection will be entertained after expiry of date and will be decided accordingly.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court on this 24th day of July, 2018.

Seal.

NIRAJ CHANDLA (HPAS), Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (Urban) District Shimla.

In the Court of Shri Anil Kumar Sharma, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (R), District Shimla (H. P.)

Smt. Bharti w/o Shri Mangal Kumar, r/o Ram Chander Bhawan, Totu Chowk, M.C. Quarters Shimla, Tehsil & District Shimla, Himachal Pradesh.

Versus

General Public . . Respondent.

Whereas Smt. Bharti w/o Shri Mangal Kumar, r/o Ram Chander Bhawan, Totu Chowk, M.C. Quarters Shimla, Tehsil & District Shimla, Himachal Pradesh has filed an application alongwith affidavit in the court of undersigned under section 13(3) of the Birth & Death Registration Act, 1969 to enter the date of birth of his son named—Anand Kumar in the record of Registrar, Birth and Death, Municipal Corporation Shimla.

Sl. No.	Name of the family member	Relation	Date of birth
1.	Anand Kumar	Son	20-12-2013

Hence, this proclamation is issued to the general public if they have any objection/claim regarding date of Birth of above named in the record of Registrar, Birth & Death, Municipal Corporation Shimla may file their claims/objections on or before one month of publication of this notice in Govt. Gazette in this court, failing which necessary orders will be passed.

Issued today 23-07-2018 under my signature and seal of the court.

Seal. Sd/-

Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (R), District Shimla.

ब अदालत एन0 एस0 नेगी, सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी रोहडू, तहसील रोहडू, जिला शिमला, (ਵਿ0 प्र0)

श्री हरपाल पुत्र सिरिजंग, निवासी शडडू, तहसील रोहडू, जिला शिमला, हि०प्र0

बनाम

आम जनता

प्रार्थना-पत्र बराये दर्ज करने इन्तकाल मकफूद-उल-खबरी।

इस कार्यालय में प्रार्थी श्री हरपाल पुत्र सिरिजंग, निवासी शडडू, तहसील रोहडू, जिला शिमला, हि0 प्र0 ने प्रार्थना—पत्र गुजार कर निवेदन किया है कि उनके पिता श्री सिरिजंग पुत्र श्री जौखी वर्ष 2011 अर्थात् 12—01—2011 से लापता है। उनको घर से लापता हुए लगभग 7 वर्ष हो चुके हैं काफी खोजबीन करने पर भी उनके बारे जीवित या मृत होने के सम्बन्ध में कोई भी जानकारी नहीं है। जिस बारे पटवारी हल्का लोयरकोटी, तहसील रोहडू द्वारा मकफूद—उल—खबरी इन्तकाल नं0 419 दिनांक 14—06—2018 को दर्ज हुआ है जो हाल जेर फैसला है जिसकी सुनवाई दिनांक 18—08—2018 रखी गई है।

अतः इस नोटिस के माध्यम से सर्वसाधारण को सूचित किया जाता है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति को श्री सिरिजंग पुत्र श्री जैखी, निवासी शडडू, तहसील रोहडू, जिला शिमला, हि0 प्र0 उपरोक्त से सम्बन्धित का दर्ज शद्धा इन्तकाल मकफूद—उल—खबरी तस्दीक करने बारे उजर व एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 18—08—2018 को या इससे पूर्व मेरे न्यायालय में असालतन या वकालतन हाजिर होकर पेश कर सकता है अन्यथा एकतरफा कार्यवाही अमल में लाई जाएगी।

आज दिनांक 18-07-2018 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर व मोहर अदालत द्वारा जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

एन० एस० नेगी, सहायक समाहर्ता द्वितीय श्रेणी, तहसील रोहडू जिला शिमला, हि०प्र०।

ब अदालत श्री सोमदत्त, कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील कमरऊ, जिला सिरमौर, हि0 प्र0

श्री सुशील कुमार पुत्र श्री सूरजमल, निवासी ग्राम पाब, डा० शिल्ला, तहसील कमरऊ, जिला सिरमौर, हि० प्र०।

बनाम

आम जनता

प्रार्थना-पत्र जेरे धारा 13(3) जन्म एवं मृत्यू पंजीकरण अधिनियम, 1969.

श्री सुशील कुमार पुत्र श्री सूरजमल, निवासी ग्राम पाब, डा० शिल्ला, तहसील कमरऊ, जिला सिरमौर, हि० प्र० ने इस अदालत में एक प्रार्थना—पत्र गुजारा है कि उसके बच्चे जितन मिलक की जन्म तिथि 14—08—2006 व नितिन मिलक की जन्म तिथि 31—10—2007 है जिसका अज्ञानतावश इनका नाम व जन्म तिथि का इन्द्राज ग्राम पंचायत बोकाला—पाब के परिवार व जन्म अभिलेख में दर्ज नहीं करवा सका है।

अतः सर्वसाधारण को इस इश्तहार के मार्फत सूचित किया जाता है कि इस बारे किसी को कोई उजर/एतराज हो तो वह दिनांक 17–08–2018 को प्रातः 11.00 बजे अदालत हजा स्थित कमरऊ में असालतन या वकालतन हाजिर आकर दर्ज करा सकता है। निर्धारित अवधि के पश्चात कोई आपत्ति प्राप्त न होने की सूरत में प्रार्थना–पत्र श्री सुशील कुमार पुत्र श्री सूरजमल, निवासी ग्राम पाब, डा० शिल्ला, तहसील कमरऊ पर नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की जाएगी।

आज दिनांक 19–07–2018 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर एवं कार्यालय मोहर अदालत से जारी हुआ।

मोहर।

हस्ताक्षरित / – कार्यकारी दण्डाधिकारी, तहसील कमरऊ, जिला सिरमौर, हि0 प्र0।